

# HE HAD FAILED

And So Feared to Take Hold Again,  
Was the Reason Why Chairman Brice Declined a Re-Election as Democratic Director.

Harry of Pennsylvania Was Accordingly Chosen as the Next Scapegoat.

New York, July 21.—[Associated Press.] The National Democratic committee organized today by the unanimous selection of William F. Harry of Pennsylvania as chairman, and Simon P. Sherin of Indiana as secretary. Immediately after the roll call Calvin B. Brice, chairman of the former committee, reiterated the declaration that he did not desire to be considered a candidate for re-election. In the campaign four years ago he worked as earnestly as any man could for Democratic success. The party was defeated, and he was aware of the fact that the public always judged matters of this kind by a standard success.

Gorman of Maryland, Branson of North Carolina, Thomas of Colorado, and Whitney of New York, made speeches in commendation of Brice's past services to the party. A vote of thanks was tendered Brice.

Harry was then selected chairman by acclamation, and made remarks expressing a deep sense of the responsibility devolving upon him and promising to use his best efforts to promote success. Secretary Sherin was re-elected by acclamation and Robert L. Roosevelt, of New York, was chosen treasurer.

Whitney introduced a resolution regarding the plan of the campaign, and it adopted it. It is rumored that ex-Secretary Whitney will be made chairman of the advisory committee. A committee of two was elected to procure headquarters in New York. A resolution was passed instructing each member of the committee on returning home to study closely the political situation in his particular state and submit a written report thereon to the secretary at the earliest practicable date. The committee then adjourned.

The committee of western Democrats appointed to secure western headquarters at Chicago, appeared before President Cleveland this afternoon with Washington Hising, editor of the Illinois State Zeitung, an influential western German American, as spokesman. Hising assured Cleveland that the establishment of a western headquarters would be of great assistance in carrying the western and northwestern states. Everywhere in the west, he said, the German vote is the balance of power. There are in Illinois 50,000 German Catholics; of that number 15,000 have always been Democrats, leaving 35,000 who have usually been Republicans. At least 30,000 of that 35,000 voted for Rusk, the Democratic candidate for superintendent of public instruction and the result was he was elected by 34,000 majority. In '88 Harrison carried the state by 23,000. "The same German vote," said he, "which gave us success two years ago is just as strong this time in favor of Albigel, our candidate for governor, and also for Cleveland, as it was for Rusk two years ago." "You may congratulate yourself, Mr. Cleveland," said Hising, "that you stand wonderfully well with the Germans." "I am glad to hear such good news from you," said Mr. Cleveland smilingly. Mr. Hising replied: "With proper organization and a campaign of education, there is no question Illinois will give us from 10,000 to 20,000 majority." Cleveland assured the visitors he thought very favorably of a western headquarters and would give the matter careful consideration.

## THE COLUMBIAN ANNIVERSARY.

The President's Proclamation for October 21. Washington, July 21.—[Associated Press.] As provided in the joint resolution which was approved June 29, last, President Harrison today issued a proclamation appointing Friday, October 21, 1892, the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus a general holiday for the people of the United States. "On that day," says the resolution, "let the people so far as possible leave all toil and devote themselves to such exercises as may best express our honor to the discoverer and the appreciation of the great achievements of four completed centuries of American life."

It is peculiarly appropriate that the school should be made the center of the day's demonstration. Let the National flag float from every schoolhouse in the country and let the exercises be such as shall impress upon our youth the patriotic duties of American citizenship. In the churches and other places of assembly let there be expressions of gratitude to divine providence for the devout faith of the discoverer and for the divine care and guidance which has directed our history and so abundantly blessed our people.

## ASTOR'S WILL.

John Jacob Expected to Divvy With Mrs. Drayton. New York, July 21.—Today in the surrogate court the will of William Astor will come up for probate. It is said that Mrs. Coleman Drayton, one of the daughters, will contest the document, believing that she was unjustly dealt with. It is she who was the principal cause of the Barrow-Drayton trouble and the duels which eventually grew out of it. In the will her father

left the bulk of his estate to his only son, John Jacob Astor, and a good round sum to each of his three daughters, except Mrs. Drayton, and to all his grandchildren. The four children of the disinherited daughter are exceedingly well provided for. Lord, Day & Lord, the Astor attorneys, say there will be no contest today, but that an amicable understanding will be reached between the principal heir, John Jacob, and his sister, by which she will be well provided for during life. Mr. and Mrs. Drayton are living apart, all the children being cared for by the father. The Astor estate, which will be in probate today is valued at \$50,000,000.

## Phoenix Can Give Pointers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Olive growers of the state are meeting here today for an interesting though rather prosaic purpose. They are going to devise means for pushing California olive oil into the markets of the world. A large acreage was planted to the olive last year, the foot hills in the mining countries being found especially adapted to this fruit.

## Bull Run and Atlanta.

CALDWELL, O., July 21.—A National soldiers' union is being held here today, this being a double anniversary, that of Bull Run and Atlanta. The address of welcome will be made by Hon. J. M. Dalzell, and among others here are expected Secretary of War Elkins, Judge J. C. Lynch, of Mississippi, and Judge Knowles, of Marietta.

## WASHINGTON.

About the Admission of Territories.

A Bill introduced for the Reclamation and Irrigation of Arid Lands.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—[Associated Press.] In the senate after a debate on the anti-local option bill the matter went over and Carr from the committee on territories reported back to the house a bill for the admission of New Mexico as a state, and said he would not call it up until the next session.

Platt said he would present a minority report. Warren addressed the senate in favor of the bill introduced by him on the 8th of June, providing for the irrigation and reclamation of arid lands and for the protection of forests and utilizing of pasturage.

After a brief executive session the senate adjourned.

## In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 21. In the house today the bill to enforce the reciprocal commercial relations between the United States and Canada was passed. A number of measures pertaining to military and naval affairs were passed. Sager of Pennsylvania entered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the house laid on the table the bill granting the American register to the steamship China.

The house adjourned.

## NEWSPAPERS AFTER HIM.

A Customs House Officer Charged With Violating the Exclusion Act.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—[Associated Press.] The examination of Customs House Inspector Pattison was commenced before Commissioner Hancock today. Pattison is charged by a morning paper with having conspired to defeat the aims of the exclusion act by false certificates to Chinamen who wished to land.

Pattison testified: "I know Reporter Stillwell, as well as A. C. Baker. I met him in the Occidental hotel July 13. I went to the hotel office and did not make a second visit." The witness related he visited the hotel in response to a note sent to him by "Baker" and was accompanied by Inspector Noyes. Pattison said: "I was not in the room longer than five minutes and did not go into details concerning the person who was to be landed."

## STATE TROOPS TO LEAVE.

A U. S. Military Post to Be Established at Warden.

WALLACE, Ida., July 22.—[Associated Press.] Governor Wiley has received so many appeals from members of the Idaho National guard, now in the field, for furloughs and requests from members of the legislature for the return of local companies, based on business interests, that an order has been issued for the return home of state troops.

In relieving the Battalion from duty at Warden General Carlin says in the order: The colonel commanding troops in the Cœur d'Alene country takes occasion to thank the Idaho troops for their good conduct at all times while under his command.

Gen. Carlin and staff left Warden this afternoon enroute to Wallace to confer with Gen. Curtis on a number of matters pertaining to the prisoners under arrest.

The detention here of United States troops is believed to be a foregone conclusion and already Warden and Wallace are fighting for the location of the post.

The departure of the state troops will necessitate a guard being furnished from the United States troops to convey the prisoners to Boise.

## CANADIAN GARDMEN.

The Last Meeting Preparatory to the National Regatta.

TORONTO, July 22.—[Associated Press.] All the Union rowing regattas have now been held, ending today with that of the Canadian association which has been in progress for the past three days. For the next three days all the famous amateur oarsmen of the country will gather here, and some for rest, and some for trials, preparatory to the National regatta at Saratoga next Tuesday. Among the American representatives are the Dubuque crew, the Detroit four oared crew and two representative clubs from New York.

# OUR SCHOOLS.

The Completion of the Apportionment Of the School Fund By Districts.

An Interesting Tabulated Statement and Estimate

Which Shows that the County is Well Provided with Schools Generously Maintained.

THE REPUBLICAN yesterday made mention of County Superintendent Baxter's communication to the board of supervisors relative to the school fund apportionment for the ensuing year. The estimated sum required is \$38,500, beside a deficit of \$794.94 brought over from last year.

Yesterday the apportionment by districts was completed and is presented below in a tabulated form.

It will be found of interest not only to readers of THE REPUBLICAN resident of the county, but also to those outside. It further shows that Maricopa county recognizes that her immediate as well as her future growth and prosperity depends upon a generous provision for her schools.

This estimate is based upon the employment of 70 teachers. The table shows that there are in the county 3,003 pupils, white and colored.

## The Apportionment.

DISTRICT.	No. of Pupils.	Amount of Appt.
Phoenix No. 1.	1063	\$109.00
Mesa No. 2.	225	23.00
Tempe No. 3.	225	23.00
Mesa No. 4.	240	24.00
Scottsdale No. 5.	41	5.00
Washington No. 6.	57	5.00
Wilson No. 7.	42	5.00
Chandler No. 8.	76	10.00
West End No. 9.	23	3.00
Lehi No. 10.	99	10.00
Peoria No. 11.	15	5.00
Agua Caliente No. 12.	23	3.00
Rural No. 13.	65	10.00
East Phoenix No. 14.	70	10.00
Reservoir No. 15.	13	3.00
Cartwright No. 16.	44	5.00
West End No. 17.	40	5.00
Crisman No. 18.	40	5.00
Alma No. 19.	157	17.00
Double Butte No. 20.	49	5.00
Murphy No. 21.	23	3.00
Palmer No. 22.	12	4.00
Cave Creek No. 23.	12	4.00
Gila Bend No. 24.	9	2.50
Bad Buckeye No. 25.	9	2.50
Jordan No. 26.	23	3.00
Alhambra No. 27.	24	3.00
Kyrre No. 28.	24	3.00
Johnson No. 29.	80	10.00
Grand Avenue No. 30.	39	5.00
Baker No. 31.	13	3.00
South Agua Caliente No. 32.	13	3.00
Sidney No. 33.	13	3.00
Jefferson No. 34.	13	3.00
Brookway No. 35.	37	5.00
Hancock No. 36.	37	5.00
Jackson No. 37.	11	4.00
Malheur No. 38.	10	4.00
Camp Creek No. 39.	10	4.00
Glendale No. 40.	16	5.00
Highland No. 41.	30	5.00
Total.	3003	\$38.50

## NEW YORK MORTALITY.

The Alarming Effect of the Present Heat Spell.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The hot weather of last week has had an alarming effect on the mortality in New York City, and the death rate is one of the highest ever known, except in weeks when there were epidemics. The total number of deaths reported to the health board for the week is 1,336. Not since the week ended on April 18 last, when there were 1,347 deaths, has the record been equalled, with one exception, since 1872. In the year the week ended on July 6 showed a mortality of 1,596. The exception was "grip week," ended January 11, 1890, when there were 1,424 deaths. The death rate for the past week was 38.09, and the week before it was 24.44.

The high death rate of the past week was due directly to the effects of the heat on the young children of the city. Diseases classed generally as summer complaint killed altogether 463 persons last week, 438 of them being children under five years of age. Of the entire number of deaths, 660 were of children under one year old, and 862 were under five years old. The week before, 485 were under one year and 610 under five years. The average of deaths of young children for this week in the last five years is 549 under one year, and 730 under five years. The average of deaths for the past five years is 1,183, against 1,336 last week.

There were eight deaths from sunstroke. Other causes of death were as follows: Measles, 23; scarlet fever, 16; diphtheria, 21; whooping cough, 16; typhoid fever, 8; malaria, 4; cerebrospinal meningitis, 13; heart disease, 31; croup, 11; bronchitis, 23; pneumonia, 71; and phthisis, 104.

Last week there were reported at the bureau of contagious diseases 3 cases of typhoid fever, 16 of typhoid, 78 scarlet, 275 measles, 64 diphtheria, and 11 small-pox.

## CRUSHED BY A THRASHER.

Terrible Death of an Illinois Farmer Killed in Colorado.

VANDALIA, Ill., July 22.—Albert Spradling, aged 39 years, living at Mulberry grove, near here, was running a traction thrashing engine over Hurricane Creek bridge yesterday, when the structure gave away, precipitating the engine and water tank twenty feet into the stream. Spradling went down with the engine, and besides being terribly crushed was almost drowned when taken out. He died today in great agony.

## JACK THE CHLOROFORMER.

A Girl Attacked by a Man with a Drugged Handkerchief.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Miss Mattie Kerry, a pretty girl of 22, who works in the Grand Central store at Sayville, L. I., was attacked on Tuesday night on her way home by a man who placed a handkerchief saturated with chloroform over her face.

The place where the chloroforming was attempted was opposite a deserted house about a quarter of a mile from her home. She heard some one following her, and just as she turned around a man thrust a wet handkerchief in her face and with his other hand seized her by the back of the head. She struggled and knocked the handkerchief to the ground. He then ran away, but not before Miss Kerry recognized him as a young man who lives in Sayville. He dropped

a bottle, which was found to contain chloroform. His name is Charles Ketchum, and he was arrested by Constable Wells at his home, where he lives with his father and mother. He makes his living by taking parties out sailing on the bay, and is in rather delicate health.

The people in Sayville regard him as weak minded and not entirely responsible for his actions. No motive is assigned for the assault, and they have not yet been able to find where he obtained the chloroform. There are two drug stores in Sayville, and both of them deny having sold it to him or any member of his family.

## HAD SEEN A HARD TIME.

The Extraordinary Adventure of a California Man.

WEAVERVILLE, Cal., July 22.—[Associated Press.] D. B. Gray, a mail carrier and contractor who wandered away from his home at Burnt ranch about ten days ago has been found in the Salmon river country. His mind suddenly cleared and he was not a little surprised to find that he had travelled fifty or a hundred miles through an uninhabited country without being conscious of the fact. He is now well and at home but looks as if he had seen a hard time. His wanderings are an entire blank to him.

## A SWIFT CHINAMAN.

Runs Down William Elliott's Colt

And Breeds a Dispute Concerning International Law and Astronomy.

An unusual case came up in Judge Huson's court the other day. It was a damage suit brought by William Elliott against Ah Gee, a Chinaman, for damages. The defendant was charged with having caused the death of a colt owned by the plaintiff and which was valued at \$50. Another peculiarity of the case is that more points of law are likely to be brought out in the case than there are dollars involved.

Ah Gee was an indifferent and inexperienced driver and Elliott was the owner of a team hitched to a wood wagon with a trailing wagon attached. The colt was also attached. Ah Gee came along at a rate of speed which would have made Mand S. hesitate. He struck the colt, knocked it under one of the wagons which passed over it and killed it.

The attorney for the defense set up that he and Ah Gee had a right to travel at any rate of speed which might suit their needs and convenience, and it is the religious duty of colts and other obstructions to remove themselves from the Celestial right-of-way. Mr. Elliott's attorney argues that it was a reprehensible case of trespass, as he and his client were not only entitled to the road but to eighteen inches on each side of it, which the irresponsible colt would naturally occupy.

He also admitted the right of the defense to drive through illimitable space as fast they could, otherwise an action might be brought against the sun and other heavenly bodies which appear to travel at a rate not provided for in the city ordinances, but he insisted that the earth belonged to many different persons and that an undue acceleration of speed was calculated to shorten both human and equine life contrary to the statutes, which, if not already made, ought in such cases to be made and provided.

He further contended that a white man had certain inalienable rights guaranteed to him under the constitution which even a Chinaman was bound to respect.

Judge Huson asked time for the consideration of this matter. He wished to make a study of the rapidity of the motion of the heavenly bodies and also to inquire into the terms of the Burlingame treaty.

## A HANGING GARDEN.

A New Pleasure Scheme to Be Tried at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22.—[Associated Press.] St. Louis is to have a summer garden in mid air. The plans of a fifteen story office building on which work has just been commenced including a summer garden on the roof, which will be about 200 feet square. It is proposed to have a band of music, singing, and other entertainments on summer evenings. The new hotel on the site of the old Planters is also to have a promenade on the roof. The projectors of both these undertakings expect these elevated concert gardens and promenades to be exceedingly popular.

## Regimental Reunions.

TRENTON, N. J., July 22.—The survivors of the Thirty-fifth New Jersey regiment are holding their annual reunion and banquet here today.

OSWEGO, N. Y., July 22.—The famous Twenty-fourth New York infantry is holding its annual reunion here.

COVINGTON, Ga., July 22.—The annual reunion of the Forty-second regiment takes place here today. It is attended by a host of Atlanta, Augusta and Savannah veterans.

## A. O. U. W.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 22.—The Past Master Workmen's association of the A. O. U. W. is holding its annual meeting here today. Two hundred New England and middle state lodges are represented.

## The Sweltering North.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 22.—The hot wave covers nearly the entire northwest, the temperature ranging at different points from 90 to 101 deg. The hot weather is helping grain greatly and another immense crop is assured.

## Out on Parole.

WALLACE, Idaho, July 22.—About thirty prisoners were discharged today from the military prison on parole. The most prominent among them were William Dalton, Robert Neall and J. K. Parker.

## Carnegie's Victory.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 22.—The Carnegie company this morning began to carry out their expressed intention to put non-union men in the Homestead mill. The steamers Tide and Little Bill left with loads of new men this morning.

# FROM YUMA.

A Week's Events Photographed

By The "Republican's" Correspondent.

Extraordinary Honor Done to a Dead Apache.

The Flood, Salton Sea and the Probable Result of that Overwhelming Tide.

YUMA, Ariz., July 23.—[Special.] To have seen quaint old Yuma before the flood, just after it, and now, one could hardly believe the changes which have been made. It was an old, semi-Mexican town, nearly all built of adobe; then it was all desolation, now it is springing into life, with new frame and brick buildings that are a credit to any town built up under similar circumstances, and the good work goes on.

West Yuma, through which the Yuma Irrigating company's canal passes, is already not only holding its own but gradually drawing settlers into its bounds. This enterprise, under the immediate supervision of President Capt. Frank Ingalls and Superintendent J. H. Carpenter, is making good headway. True no "boasting" boom accompanies its opening and development but a health growth marks its progress as is always best in such schemes.

The People's canal, though hardly yet under way, is another enterprise which will help West Yuma. In the hands of our energetic and popular citizens as Mr. Sheriff Ed. Hayes, County Physician Dr. P. G. Cotter, Real Estate Agent D. M. Field and Capt. Williams, it must be a success. The canal is to be built on the mutual benefit plan and when finished will do much for the building up of the fine valley lands along the Colorado river below Yuma. The Yuma Heights company has risen and is dressed, so they say, and soon will be ready to put in a good day's work. Its plan, as now laid out before the public, is to put water works and electric lights into Yuma and along Orange avenue which is to run from Yuma out to the new town of Yuma Heights, which has been laid out on the mesa about three miles south. The plan, so far as developed, seems to be to lay out the fine mesa lands which are included within the boundaries of the "burg" into five and ten-acre lots, clear, fence and set out the same to vines and fruit trees; put water and electric lights onto each lot, build a nice, cosy house on the same, and sell the whole to actual settlers, men of families, on the installment plan.

The scheme is an excellent one and will do much towards building up south Yuma and also towards determining just what can be done on and with our mesa lands.

The parties behind this scheme are H. W. Blaisdell, superintendent of the Cargu Muchacho mines and president of the Yuma Times company; L. A. Hicks, manager, and Robert Hornbeck, editor of the same, a most excellent local journal.

Blaisdell has been east and is said to have raised funds sufficient to carry out the whole scheme to the fullest detail. With such men at the helm it must meet with success.

Mr. Blaisdell has had much experience in the starting of various fruits in his celebrated ranch in the Gila valley, just east of Yuma, which was destroyed by the great flood of last year.

Mr. Hornbeck is said to have had much to do in building up Riverside and Coronado Beach, Cal., where he was somewhat of a marked figure in the efforts made to make those two beautiful towns what they are.

Some of our old cronies are inclined to call this a "Yuma Times" scheme, but we answer, better be that than like the saloon bench schemes laid out by our eternal growlers, of which our town is blessed with its full share. With these three schemes in the hands of our own citizens, Yuma must continue to improve.

The political horizon in Yuma county begins to give signs of a change of front. The Democrats are a little ahead in making up their slate for the county officers. The weather indicator now points somewhat like this:

Sheriff, Ed. Hayes; Treasurer, Dr. P. G. Cotter; Recorder, D. M. Field; District Attorney, Lam Purdy; Assessor, Capt. A. O. Willis; probable Judge, Geo. Knight; County Surveyor, L. A. Hicks; Councilman, Thos. Gates; Member of Assembly, D. M. Field.

On the Republican ticket so far the census shows that the following are willing to serve their country: Sheriff, Robert Hatch, Treasurer, F. S. Ingalls; Recorder, J. L. Redondo; District Attorney, Sam Purdy; Assessor, W. A. Werninger; Probate Judge, F. L. Ewing; County Surveyor, L. A. Hicks; Councilman, Abe Frank; Member of Assembly, S. S. Gillies; and the Cargu Muchacho Mining company, U. S. mineral surveyor, and several other minor positions and many think that he has enough, for the present at least.

The excitement in Yuma has quieted down and peace reigns. Delegate M. J. Nugent has returned from the Chicago convention and explained all. He says that the thing is all right, Cleveland is nominated and this satisfies them all. Only one question remains unsolved, and over this the "unaffiliated" are mad, and that is that after Cleveland has been nominated and Hill has "buried the little hatchet," after the "unwashed" in congress have wiped out the silver bill and converted, transferred and revamped all of the Democratic silver men and made "gold bugs" of them, and knocked the great silver question out of the politics of the Democratic party in Arizona, after Tammany has lashed the tiger, and bowed to the inevitable, then that two of the great braves, the real sachems of Tammany, should come out and accuse our Arizona delegation to the Chicago convention of holding their hands behind them and of receiving a share of that half million dollars which that "immaculate" W. C. Whitney, ex-chieftest minister of Cleveland, with the four other ex-cabinet ministers of Grover, are said to have paid out to secure his nomination. Now our Yuma "Dems" are mad. Not so much it seems on account of their having received the cash, as that they cannot find out how much it was, nor

will the so-called receivers divide the pot. On to Salton Sea rushes the mighty waters of the great Colorado river.

One day during the flood Charlie Theison, an old trapper and prospector from Yuma, was seen, by the aid of a glass, with his boat stuck fast in the mud, as the water in the lake was only two inches deep. Charlie worked and tugged but no use. He stopped to take a drink of water and found it saltier than the sea. At once he knew that he must make for the railroad, which he found was eight miles away. On he went through the soft mud and alkali soil in which he sank at every step nearly to his knees, until he reached friends near the railroad nearly exhausted. After resting a little he made his way to Salton.

Theison left Yuma two months ago for the Lower Colorado. The middle of June he started for Yuma via New River, Lake Jolullu, the Padrones, Carter and Colorado rivers, coming up Reno river. He took the west branch of that stream and passed up to Black Butte, where the water instead of running southeast to the gulf, turns and runs northwest across the great level valley towards Salton.

The great overflow of last year cut two channels, as found by Engineers Hawgood and Swaine of the Southern Pacific company during their investigations of the Salton flood.

J. S. Carter, who was out to Indian Wells only a few days ago, says that great basin was rapidly filling with water and that the water had been running over the divide for two months, and also that on the 8th and 9th inst. the water fell three feet all over the overflooded country near his ranch, which is at the divide. Col. D. K. Allen, who spent many months in a careful examination and survey of all the country from Hall Hanton's west to the Sierra Madre above the divide and the National boundary line, which crosses it, is of the same opinion.

What the future will do no one can tell. All depends upon the depth of the channel at the divide. I am told by Col. Allen that the top of the divide is more than a hundred feet lower than the surface of the river at the crevice in the Colorado river, which gives the water more than two feet fall to the mile. If the channel cuts out deep enough it can drain all the water of the basins from Alamo and Indian Wells, besides what the Colorado supplies daily, which is estimated to be more than one-half of its entire volume.

The Colorado will take its old channel and the water will all run off to the west until the great basins are all filled, then as before it will seek its way to the gulf by the way of New River and gradually the bar will again form across the northern portion of the valley and shut Salton off as before. The water will evaporate and it will again become a salt marsh as it was before the channel was cut through the narrow divide last year.

But should a bar, which is possible, form across the Carter river and turn the bulk of the water into the Colorado, then Salton will only get well soaked and the water will soon be gone. This will probably be the result of the present overflow into the ancient sea at Salton.

Last Sunday the stars and stripes on the flagstaff at the territorial prison was placed at half mast on account of the death of an Apache Indian, while serving a sentence of seven years. It is probably the first time the old banner was ever lowered to do honor to one of those bloodthirsty wretches, whose trails are darkened with the stains of blood of the hundreds of white men, women and children whom they have murdered in cold